Interpersonal Dynamics of Residential Solar Adoption

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8%

Of U.S. homeowners have adopted rooftop solar



MISMATCH

CURRENT PRACTICE



or



REALITY



72% Of U.S. households are multi-occupant (U.S. Census Bureau, 2023)











Characterize

interpersonal dynamics underlying residential solar panel adoption



Examine

impacts of these dynamics on residential solar adoption decisions





Studies

1. Interviews with couples

Survey of "lost" rooftop solar customers

Survey of current rooftop solar adopters

STUDY I METHODS



Procedure: Zoom interviews

Participants: N=39 co-habitating <u>couples</u>

- Mean age = 49 years (SD=12.6)
- Gender: 40 women, 37 men, 1 nonbinary
- Education: 56% bachelors+
- Political affiliation: moderate (mean=3.75, range 1-7)
- Race: 90% Caucasian, 5% Asian, 2% African American
- *Median household income: \$90,000-\$99,000
- *Solar adoption stage
 - 69% still deciding (n=27)
 - 18% adopted (n=7)
 - 13% declined to adopt (n=5)



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Mean duration of solar discussions





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Did one person play a more significant role?

1=definitely more unilateral 2=somewhat more unilateral 3=roughly equal









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Did one person play a more significant role?

1.63 (0.85)

Did one person tend to initiate discussions?

1=definitely more unilateral 2=somewhat more unilateral 3=roughly equal



The more solar pursuit was bilateral (vs. unilateral), the more likely couple was to:

- × Apply for and/or obtain permits, $\chi^2_{(3)} = 8.182$, p<0.05
- \times Adopt, $\chi^2_{(6)} = 14.54$, p<0.03



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STUDY 2 METHODS

Participants: N=270 "lost" solar customers who had done one or more with regards to rooftop solar:

- 1. Contacted an industry representative to discuss (82%)
- 2. Had home inspected for suitability (16%)
- 3. Applied for and/or obtained permits (2%)

STUDY 3 METHODS

Participants: N=121 rooftop solar adopters

BOTH

Recruited from prolific Resided w/others Qualtrics survey

STUDIES 2 & 3 PARTICIPANTS

	Study 2 (lost)	Study 3 (current)
Mean age in years (SD)	41.6 (12.5)	43.3 (13.1)
Gender (% women)	43%	36%
Education (% bachelor's+)	65%	73%
Political affiliation (1= very liberal, 7=very conservative)	3.23	3.16
Median household income	\$80k-90k	\$90k-100k
Community type Suburban Urban Rural	59% 17% 22%	65% 20% 14%
Mean occupancy (SD)	2.51 (1.26)	3.07 (1.68)

STUDIES 2 & 3 MEASURES

For each household member...

- To what extent did each person tend to initiate discussions? (I=not at all, 5=a great deal)
- To what extent has each person executed tasks in the interest of adopting solar for your household? (I=not at all, 5=a great deal) – e.g., set up appointments, examine finances
- To what extent did each person influence the decision whether or not to adopt rooftop solar at your current residence? (I=not at all, 5=a great deal)
- How has each person influenced the decision to adopt rooftop solar at your current residence?
 (Valence; I=very negatively, 7=very positively)

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- How has each person influenced the decision to adopt rooftop solar at your current residence?
 (Valence; I=very negatively, 7=very positively)
- Created new variables:
 - I. Weighted mean household-level valence
 - 2. (dis)agreement: SD weighted household valence 16

Study 2: Lost customer dynamics

	Self	Partner	Parent	Child	Sibling	Other Family	Non- family
% with this person	100%	80%	33%	11%	15%	19%	16%
To what extent did each person tend to initiate discussions	3.55	2.86	2.70	2.56	3.00	3.17	2.94
	(1.27)	(1.36)	(1.22)	(1.26)	(1.16)	(1.46)	(1.48)
To what extent has each person executed tasks in the interest of adopting solar for your household	3.55	2.77	2.36	1.96	2.47	2.86	2.55
	(1.22)	(1.32)	(1.36)	(1.21)	(0.98)	(1.30)	(1.19)
To what extent did each person influence the decision whether or not to adopt rooftop solar at your current residence	3.95	3.36	3.21	2.38	3.16	2.93	3.18
	(1.20)	(1.26)	(1.33)	(1.42)	(1.04)	(1.22)	(1.40)
Valence : How has each person influenced the decision to adopt rooftop solar at your current residence (1=v. neg-7=v. pos)	5.08	4.77	4.39	5.00	4.97	5.00	4.68
	(1.69)	(1.62)	(1.70)	(1.44)	(1.84)	(1.82)	(2.10)

Study 3: Adopter dynamics

	Self	Partner	Parent	Child	Sibling	Other Family	Non- family
% with this person	100%	79%	48%	9%	23%	23%	42%
To what extent did each person tend to initiate discussions	3.90	3.70	3.43	3.88	2.82	3.24	2.31
	(1.20)	(1.35)	(1.31)	(0.83)	(1.47)	(1.55)	(1.45)
To what extent has each person executed tasks in the interest of adopting solar for your household	3.92	3.67	3.43	3.63	2.33	2.84	2.37
	(1.30)	(1.41)	(1.46)	(1.30)	(1.11)	(1.38)	(1.42)
To what extent did each person influence the decision whether or not to adopt rooftop solar at your current residence	4.13	3.77	3.49	3.33	2.63	3.33	1.93
	(1.17)	(1.37)	(1.28)	(1.12)	(1.13)	(1.15)	(1.19)
Valence : How has each person influenced the decision to adopt rooftop solar at your current residence (1=v. neg-7=v. pos)	6.34	4.31	3.74	4.00	3.47	3.57	3.41
	(0.92)	(0.97)	(1.13)	(0.67)	(1.07)	(1.16)	(1.28)

STUDIES 2 & 3 RESULTS



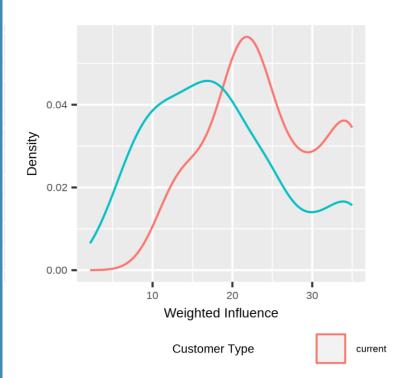
	Estimate	SE	Z
intercept	-7.04	1.02	-6.93***
Initiate discussion	-0.06	0.22	-0.25
Execute tasks	0.35	0.23	1.53
Weighted valence	0.12	0.03	4.65***
(dis)agreement	0.16	0.03	5.81***
Occupancy	0.40	0.10	3.97***
Income	0.02	0.05	0.52

^{*}p<0.05, **p<0.01, ***p<0.0001

McFadden pseudo- $R^2 = 0.22$

STUDIES 2 & 3 RESULTS





lost

What does it all mean?

- Among couples...
 - Solar pursuit tends to be more unilateral than bilateral
 - but bilateral support -> (more actions taken towards) adoption
- In multi-occupant adopter (vs. lost customer) households...
 - More household-wide support for solar (weighted)
 - More disagreement
 - Holds controlling for occupancy, income, discussing solar, tasks
- Limitations: single reporter, generalizability, non-causal design

Thank you



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